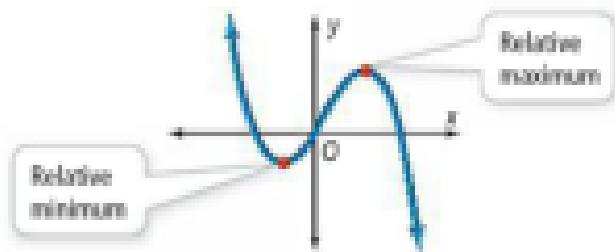




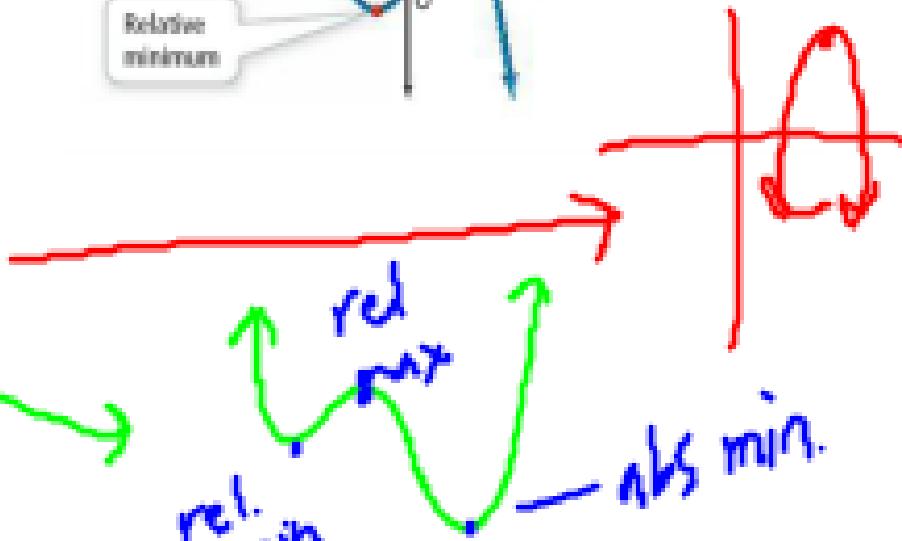
## Section 3.2 Algebra 2

- RELATIVE MAXIMUM

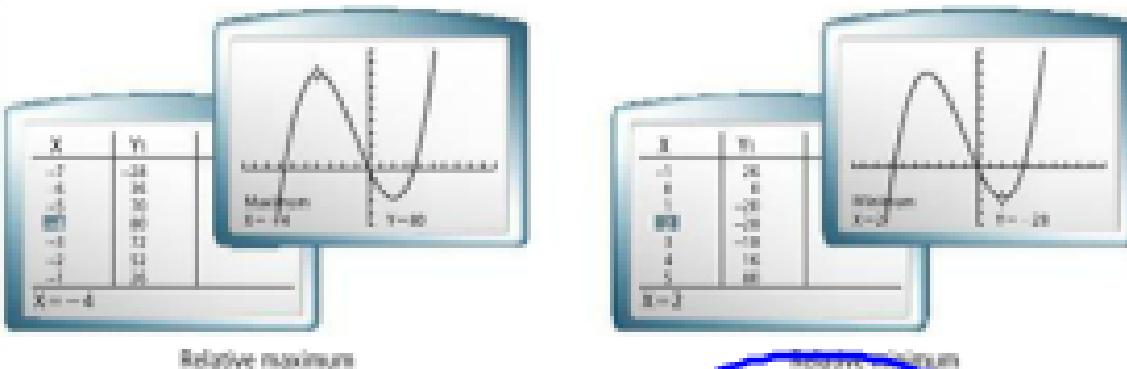


- RELATIVE MINIMUM

- ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM



Ex. 1 What are the relative maximum and minimum of  $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 24x$ ?



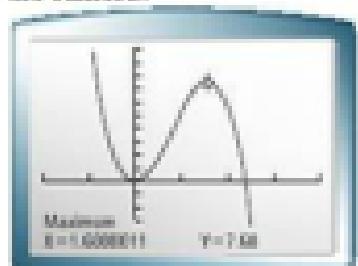
Relative maximum

Relative minimum

Ex. 2 What are the relative maximum and minimum of  $f(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 - 5x^2$ ?



Ex. 3 The length of a digital camera is 1.5 times the height. If the sum of the length, width, and height of the camera must be 6 inches, what dimensions maximize the volume of the camera?



$$V = LWH$$

$$L = 1.5H$$

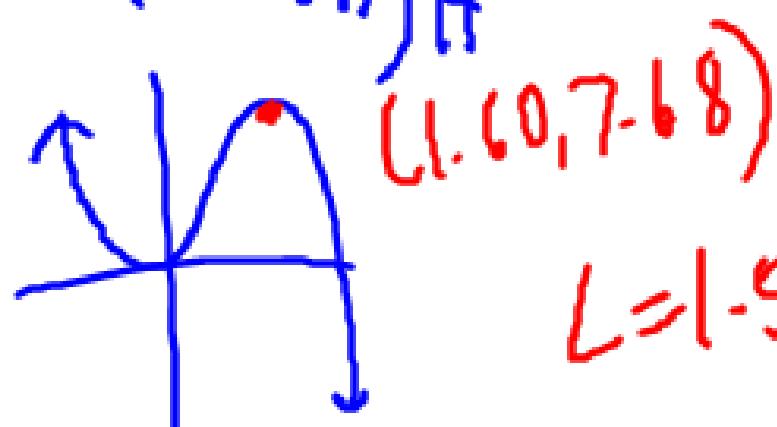
$$V = 1.5H \cdot W \cdot H$$

$$L + W + H = 6$$

$$W = 6 - L - H$$

$$V = 1.5H(6 - 2.5H)H$$

$$W = 6 - 1.5H - H$$



$$W = 6 - 2.5H$$

$$L = 1.5(1.6) = 2.4, H = 1.6$$

$$W = 6 - 2.5(1.6) = 2$$

## HOW TO FIND ZEROS WHEN A POLYNOMIAL FUNCTION OF DEGREE 3 OR HIGHER WON'T FACTOR

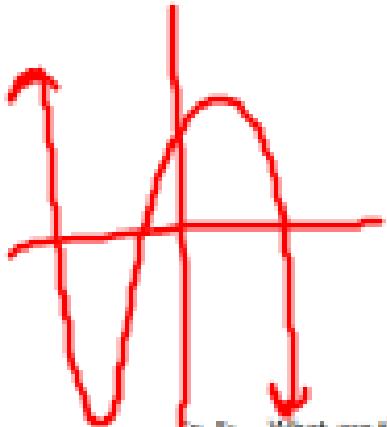
Answer: Use your calculator to find x-intercepts just like with parabolas.

- Set equal to 0.
- Enter into calculator  $y =$ .
- Find a viewing WINDOW that shows all x-intercepts.
- $2^{\text{nd}} \text{ TRACE } "Zero"$

Ex. 4: Find all of the zeros of the function below by graphing.

$$y = -2x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x + 6$$

$$x\text{-int} \approx -3.28, -0.64, 1.43$$



Ex. 5: What are three consecutive integers whose product is 80 more than their sum?

$$1st = x$$

$$2nd = x+1$$

$$3rd = x+2$$

$\leftarrow$

$$3x+3$$

$$x(x+1)(x+2) = 3x+3 + 480$$

$$x(x+1)(x+2) - 3x - 483 = 0$$

$$x=7$$

1, 8, 9

$$\text{product} = 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 = 504$$

$$\text{sum} = 7 + 8 + 9 = 24$$

✓