

Profit = Revenue - Expenses

$$P = 20x - (8x + 10,000)$$

$$P = 12x - 10,000$$

\$20

$x = \#$
of units

Misc Exp = 10,000

6.6 FUNCTION OPERATIONS

Take note

Key Concepts Function Operations

Addition $(f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$

Subtraction $(f - g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$

Multiplication $(f \cdot g)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$

Division $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}, g(x) \neq 0$

The domains of the sum, difference, product, and quotient functions consist of the x -values that are in the domains of *both* f and g . Also, the domain of the quotient function does not contain any x -value for which $g(x) = 0$.

Ex. 1 Adding and Subtracting functions: Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + 8x + 5$ and $g(x) = x - 3$.

What are $f + g$ and $f - g$ and their domains?

$$(f+g)(x) = (2x^2 + 8x + 5) + (x - 3)$$

$$(f+g)(x) = 2x^2 + 9x + 2 \quad D: \text{all real \#}'s$$

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

$$(f-g)(x) = (2x^2 + 8x + 5) - (x - 3)$$

$$(f-g)(x) = 2x^2 + 7x + 8 \quad D: \mathbb{R}$$

Ex. 2 Adding and Subtracting functions: $f(x) = \underline{4x + 7}$ and $g(x) = \underline{\sqrt{x} + 3}$. What are $f + g$ and $f - g$ and their domains?

$$(f+g)(x) = (4x+7) + (\sqrt{x} + 3)$$
$$(f+g)(x) = 4x + \sqrt{x} + 10 \quad D: x \geq 0$$

$[0, \infty)$

$$(f-g)(x) = (4x+7) - (\sqrt{x} + 3)$$
$$= \underline{4x - \sqrt{x} + 4}$$

Ex. 3 Multiplying and Dividing functions: Let $f(x) = x - 9$ and $g(x) = x + 4$. What are

$f \cdot g$ and $\frac{f}{g}$ and $\frac{g}{f}$ their domains?

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = (x-9)(x+4) = x^2 - 5x - 36$$

$D: (-\infty, \infty)$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{x-9}{x+4}$$

$$x+4 \neq 0$$
$$D: x \neq -4$$
$$(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, \infty)$$

$$\left(\frac{g}{f}\right)(x) = \frac{x+4}{x-9}$$

$$x-9 \neq 0$$

$$D: x \neq 9$$

$$(-\infty, 9) \cup (9, \infty)$$

Ex. 4 Multiplying and Dividing functions: Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 11x - 4$ and $g(x) = 3x + 1$.

$f \cdot g$ and $\frac{f}{g}$ and $\frac{g}{f}$ their domains?

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = (3x+1)(3x^2-11x-4)$$

$D = \text{all real}$
 \mathbb{R} 's

$$\begin{array}{r} 9x^3 - 33x^2 - 12x \\ + 3x^2 - 11x - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$9x^3 - 30x^2 - 23x - 4$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 11x - 4}{3x + 1}$$

$$3x + 1 \neq 0$$

all reals except

$$D: x \neq -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{g}{f}\right)(x) = \frac{3x + 1}{3x^2 - 11x - 4}$$

$$3x^2 - 11x - 4 \neq 0$$

$$(3x + 1)(x - 4) \neq 0$$

$$3x + 1 \neq 0 \quad x - 4 \neq 0$$

$$D: \text{All reals but } x \neq -\frac{1}{3}, x \neq 4$$

COMPOSITE FUNCTION:

Take note

Key Concept Composition of Functions

The composition of function g with function f is written as $g \circ f$ and is defined as $(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$. The domain of $g \circ f$ consists of the x -values in the domain of f for which $f(x)$ is in the domain of g .

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(\underbrace{f(x)}_2)$$

1. Evaluate $f(x)$ first.
2. Then use $f(x)$ as the input for g .

Function composition is not commutative since $f(g(x))$ does not always equal $g(f(x))$.

Ex. 5 Composing Functions: Let $f(x) = x - 5$ and $g(x) = x^2$. What is $(g \circ f)(-3)$?

$$g(f(-3)) = g(-8) = (-8)^2 = 64$$

$$f(-3) = -3 - 5 = -8$$

Ex. 6 Composing Functions: Let $f(x) = x - 5$ and $g(x) = x^2$. What is $(f \circ g)(-3)$?

$$f(g(-3)) = f(9) = 9 - 5 = 4$$

$$g(-3) = (-3)^2 = 9$$

Ex. 7 Composing functions: Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x-5}$ and $g(x) = x+3$. What is $f(g(6))$?

$$f(g(6)) = f(9) = \sqrt{9-5} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$g(6) = 6+3 = 9$$

Ex. 8 Composing functions: Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x-5}$ and $g(x) = x+3$. What is $g(f(21))$?

$$g(f(21)) = g(4) = 4+3 = 7$$

$$f(21) = \sqrt{21-5} = \sqrt{16} = 4$$

Ex. 9 Composing functions: Let $f(x) = 3x + 4$ and $g(x) = x - 5$. What is $f(g(x))$?

$$f(g(x)) = f(x - 5) = 3(x - 5) + 4$$
$$= 3x - 15 + 4$$

$$f(g(x)) = 3x - 11$$

Ex. 10 Composing functions: Let $f(x) = 3x + 4$ and $g(x) = x - 5$. What is $(g \circ f)(x)$?

$$g(f(x)) = g(3x + 4) = (3x + 4) - 5$$

$$g(f(x)) = 3x - 1$$

Ex. 11 You have a coupon good for \$5 off the price of any large pizza. You also get a 10% discount on any pizza if you show your student ID. How much more would you pay for a large pizza if the cashier applies the coupon first?

Know

The coupon value and the discount rate

original

$x = \text{price of pizza}$

$\$5 \text{ off}$

$$f(x) = x - 5$$

Need

The difference between the results of applying the discount or coupon first

Plan

- Compose two functions in two ways.
- Then find the difference in their results.

$10\% \text{ off}$

$$g(x) = .90x$$

$$f(x) = x - 5$$

$$g(x) = 0.90x$$

10%, then \$5

$$f(g(x))$$

$$f(.90x)$$

$$.90x - 5$$

\$.50
if

saved

\$5 off, then 10%

$$g(f(x))$$

$$g(x - 5)$$

$$.90(x - 5)$$
$$.90x - 4.50$$